



Levels of municipal decision-making and key requirements for informed decision-making

Gamagara Municipality:

Development of water infrastructure program

28 June 2023



Local government regulatory requirements for informed decision-making

SPLUMA, Act 16 of 2013:

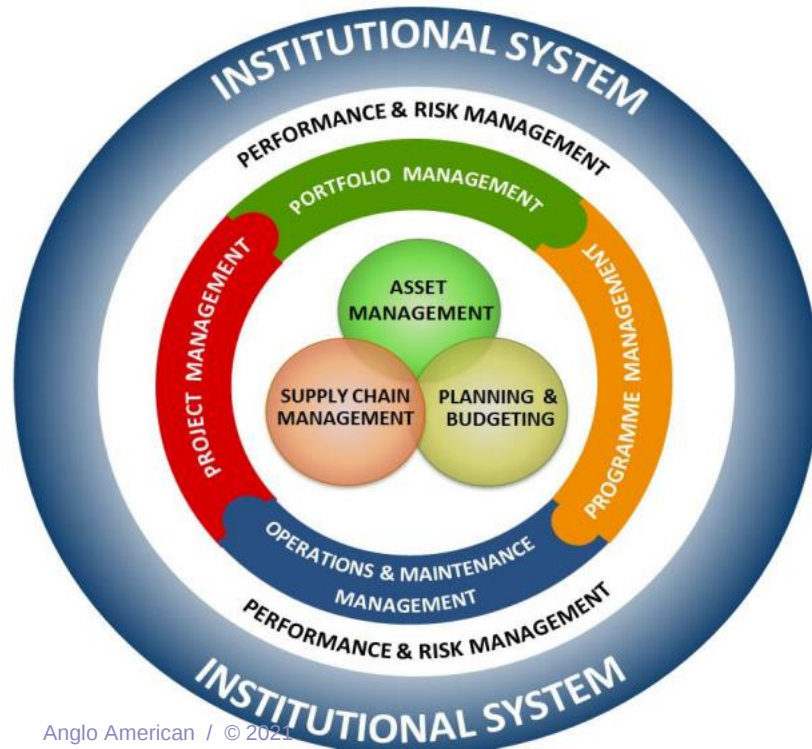
- Development principles to be adhered to:
 - Spatial justice
 - Spatial sustainability
 - Efficiency
 - Spatial resilience
 - Good administration

- Promote land development that is within the **fiscal, institutional and administrative means** of the Republic
- **Consider all current and future costs to all parties for the provision of infrastructure and social services** in land development

Decision-making processes are designed to **minimise negative financial, social, economic or environmental impacts....**

Local government regulatory requirements for informed decision-making

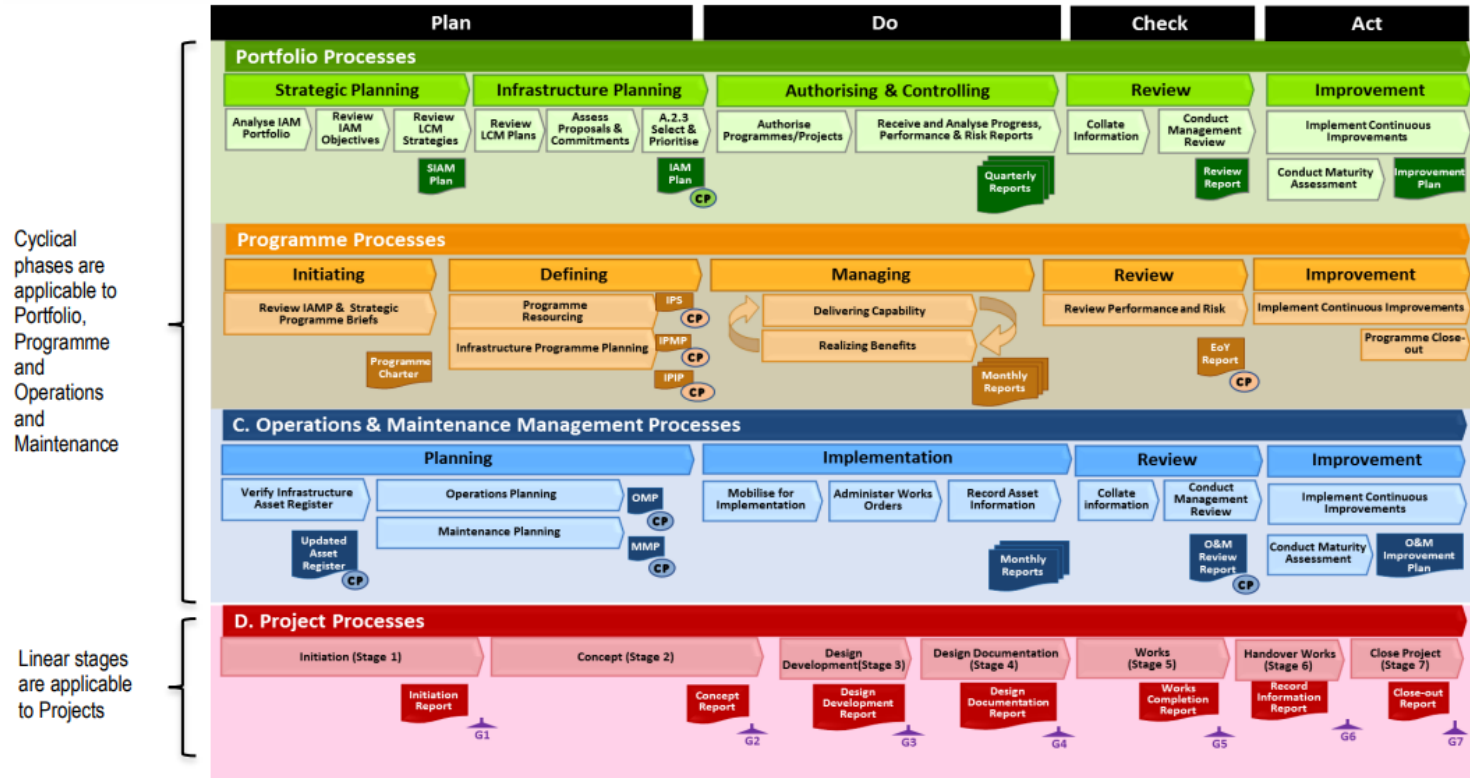
National Treasury's Framework for Infrastructure Delivery and Procurement Management (FIDPM, 2019):



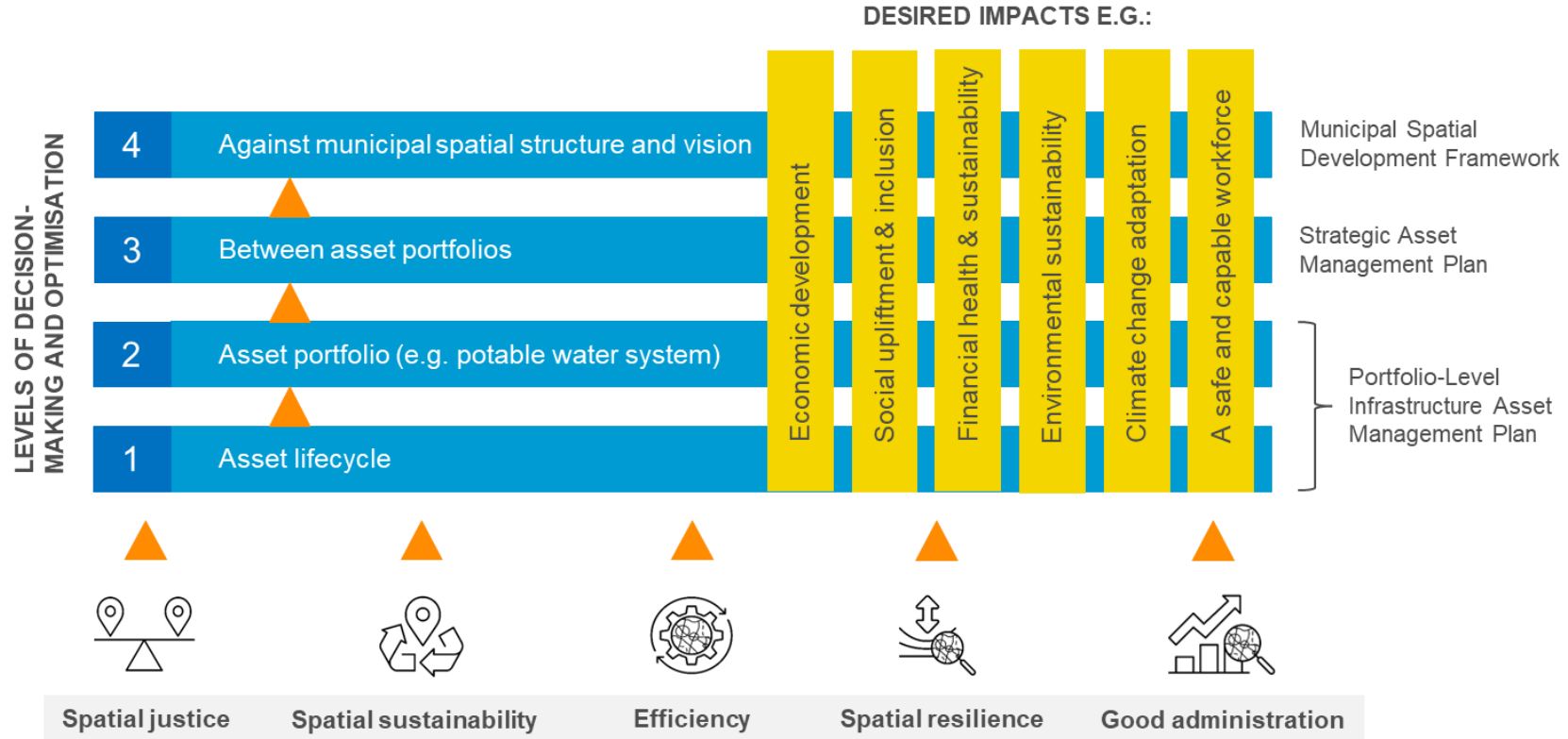
- Provides governance decision-making points, alignment and functions to support good management of infrastructure delivery and procurement processes
- Based on Government's Infrastructure Delivery Management System (IDMS) that is the management system that guides, directs and enables infrastructure delivery in the public sector

Local government regulatory requirements for informed decision-making

National Treasury's Framework for Infrastructure Delivery and Procurement Management (FIDPM, 2019):



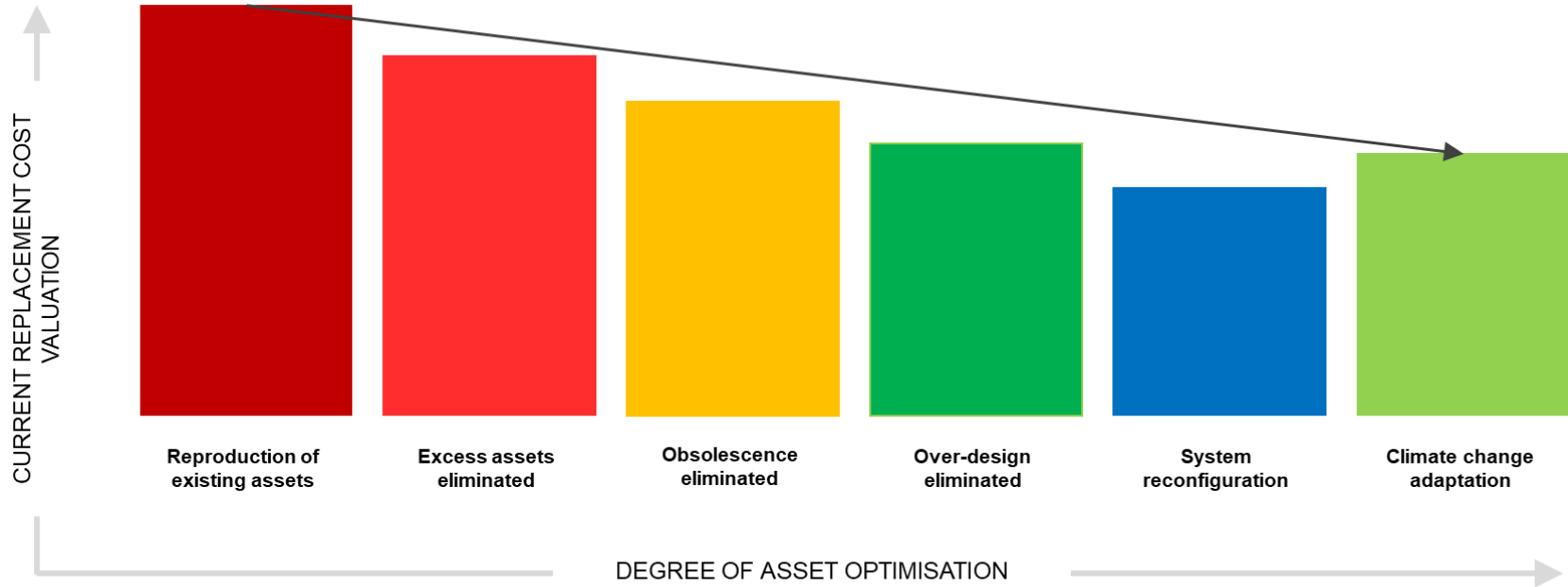
Levels of infrastructure investment decision-making in local government



Level 1 optimisation: Asset lifecycle



Level 2 optimisation: Asset portfolio



Credit: i @ Consulting & Urban Management Academy

Level 3 optimisation: Across or between asset portfolios



- Equitable distribution across asset portfolios
- Meeting requirements of different stakeholders and customers
- Right balance between spending on economic and social infrastructure on the one side, and between revenue-generating infrastructure and non-revenue generating infrastructure on the other

Level 4 optimisation: Against desired spatial structure and spatial structuring elements

NODES



CORRIDORS



URBAN EDGE OR URBAN
DEVELOPMENT BOUNDARY



OPEN SPACE SYSTEM
OR NETWORK



INTERVENTION AREAS



Credit: i @ Consulting & Urban Management Academy